

SAFETY TRAINING - HAZCOM PROFICIENCY TEST

Students Name:	Date:	Time:
Company:	Employee #:	
Evaluator:	Evaluator Phone Number:	
Results: Pass <input type="checkbox"/> Fail <input type="checkbox"/> Number Failed: ____	Supervisor Notified of Results: Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	

TEST QUESTIONS		TRUE	FALSE
1	The HAZCOM Standard is also known as the "Right-To-Know" Law	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	The "General Duty Clause" exempts some employers from having a safety program	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	Employees can be penalized for not reporting known hazards	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	29 CFR 1910.1200 is the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5	I can receive mandatory retraining if my employer doubts my proficiency	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6	Manufacturers of chemicals must provide an MSDS at no cost	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
7	Doctors may request MSDS's in the course of their duties as physicians	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
8	A written HAZCOM program must be made available to me	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
9	The written program must be reviewed on a quarterly basis	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
10	The format used to develop MSDS's is always standardized	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
11	Trade secret information must be immediately released in an emergency	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
12	Supervisors must fill out all labels upon request of the worker	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
13	The name of the material as it appears on the MSDS is used for labeling	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
14	Coffee cups (and like containers) cannot be used for chemical storage	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
15	Labeling within the facility must be standardized as much as possible	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
16	NFPA and HMIS are the two principal hazard rating systems used in the U.S.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
17	NFPA and HMIS both have the highest hazard rating designated as (4)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
18	Homemade labels for chemical containers are not permitted	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
19	Contractors working on-site must provide MSDS's upon request to the company	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
20	I can become sensitized to chemicals over a period of time	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
21	A Chronic dose is usually received over weeks, months and or years	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
22	An Acute dose is usually received over minutes, hours or days	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
23	Inhalation is the most common route of entry into the human body	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
24	Injection as a route-of-entry is always done with hypodermic needles	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
25	OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) are legally enforceable	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>